Preservation of Web Resources: The JISC PoWR Project

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Resources bookmarked using 'ipres-2008' tag



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The JISC PoWR Project

The JISC PoWR (Preservation of Web Resources) project:

- Funded by the JISC
- Short term project (April Sept 2008)
- Funded to run workshops and provide handbook giving advice to institutions on institutional Web site preservation
- Provided by UKOLN and ULCC
- Uses a blog as its user engagement & dissemination channel. See: http://jiscpowr.jiscinvolve.org/



"Am I Bovvered?"

Risks identified in joint UKOLN/ULCC's submission for the JISC PoWR project:

- Institutions wouldn't be sufficiently interested in the preservation of Web resources
- The complexities (technical, policy, resourcing, legal, ...) would be sufficient to de-motivate institutions









Head of Web Services Alison Wildish



- Archivist
- Background in collection cataloguing and archival administration and conservation
- Paper environment
- •Responsible to the archives keep them safe and accessible for the future

- Web specialist
- Background in information technology, web design and development, communication and marketing
- Digital environment
- •Responsible to the user keep things up to date and useful

Acknowledgements to Wildish and Richmond: http://www.slideshare.net/jiscpowr-wildish>

Marieke Guy and Brian Kelly (UKOLN):

Web Preservation and wondered if you'd be willing to give us a case study about the approach from the University of Bath...



University Archivist, Records Manager and FOI Co-ordinator

Oh no... not this again!

Why me? This sounds technical... I'm a paper person

I have enough trouble trying to preserve hard copy records without having to worry about the web

I can see the value in theory, but in practice it's too huge

I guess it might be a good idea, but no one much cares what I think

I am interested though...



Head of Web Services

EEEEEEEEEKKKKKKKK!!!

In all honesty it isn't interesting to me...

We struggle to keep the site current - never mind thinking about preserving the old stuff

I am future watching... need to know what to bring in not how to keep hold of the past

Why is it something I should think about now?

I'm not really that interested

Motivating The Techies

Lizzie Richmond used the University of Bath prospectus to illustrate the importance of preservation an institution's memory:



askly bown { 21 yas to 281 Old Market

THE COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY
BRISTOL

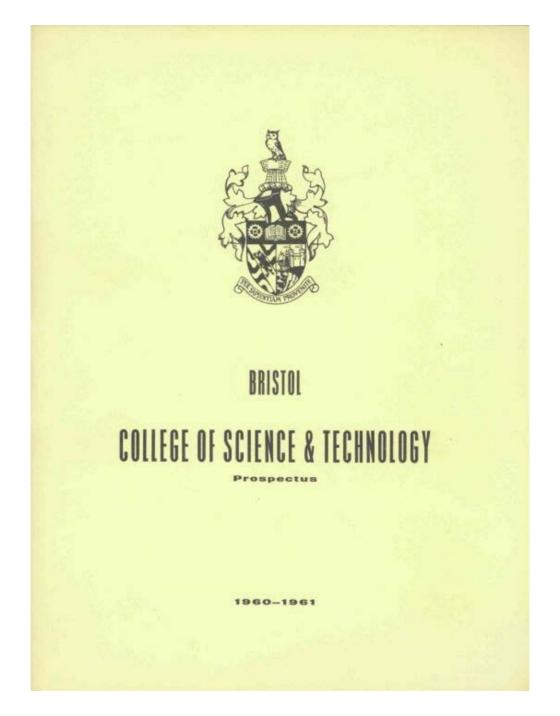
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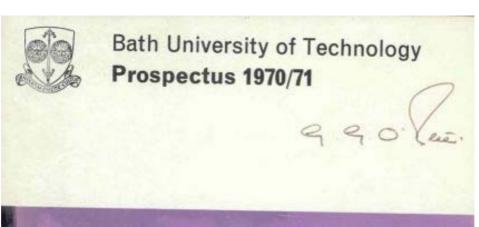
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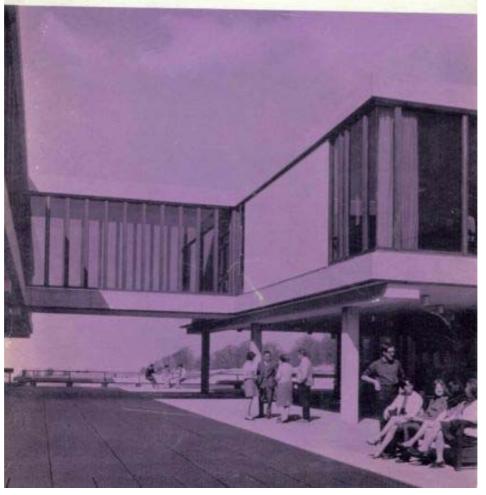
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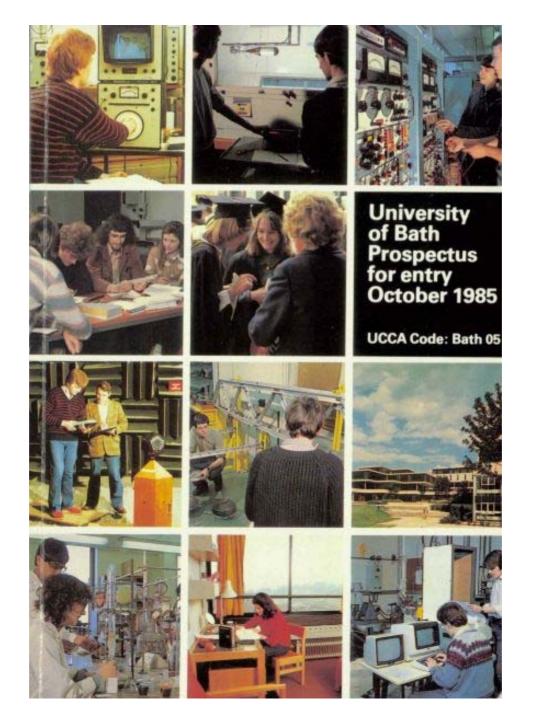
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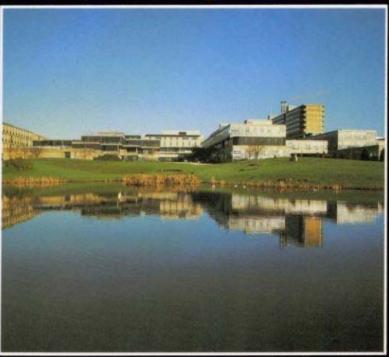






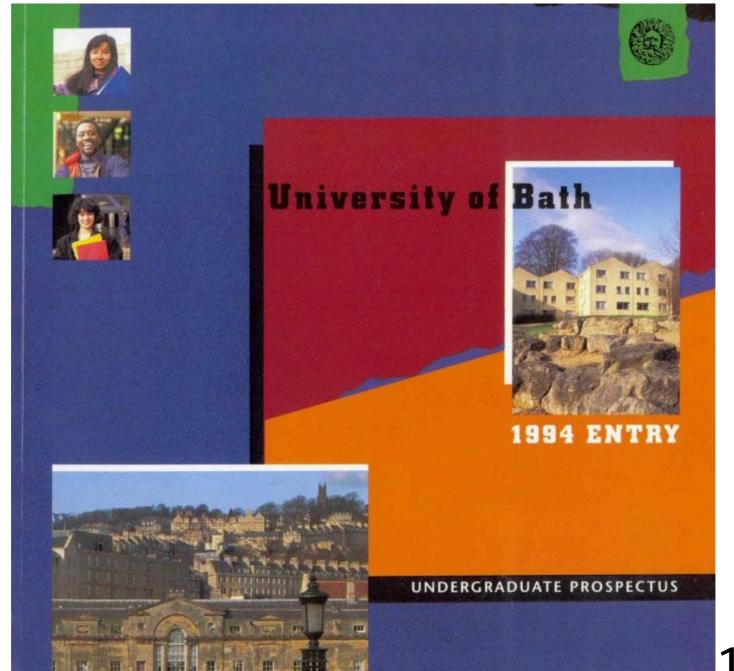


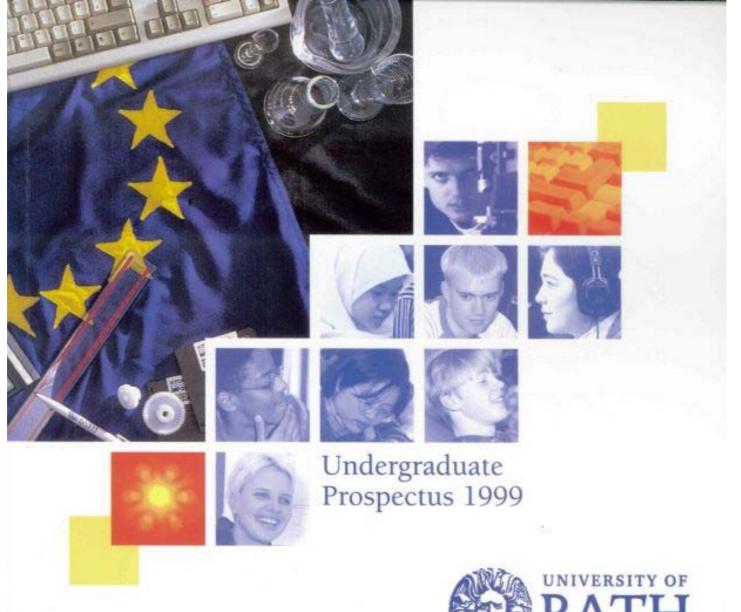
University of Bath



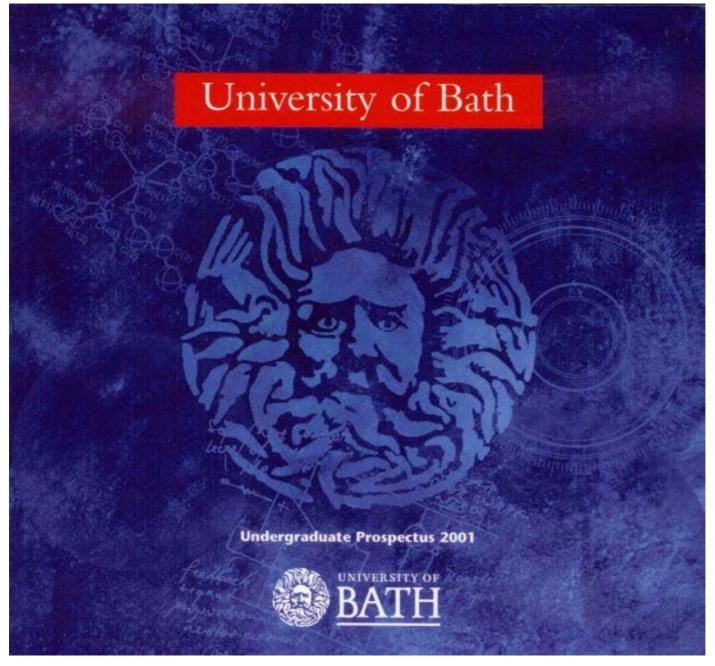
Prospectus for entry October 1991

BCCA Code Bath 05

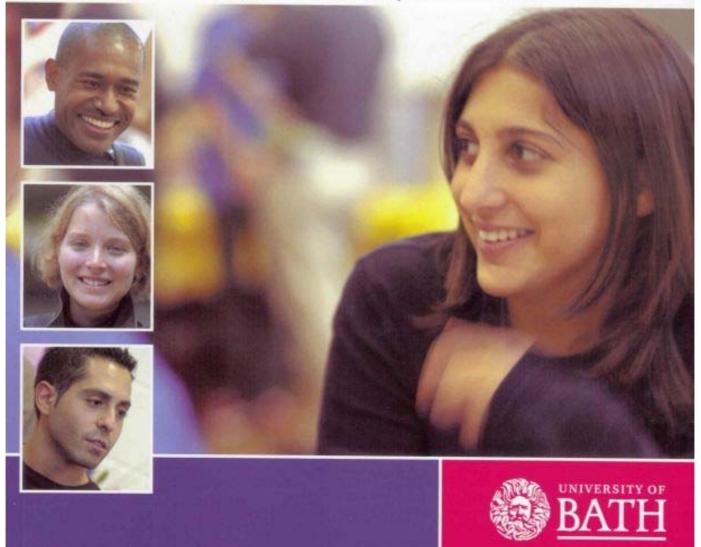


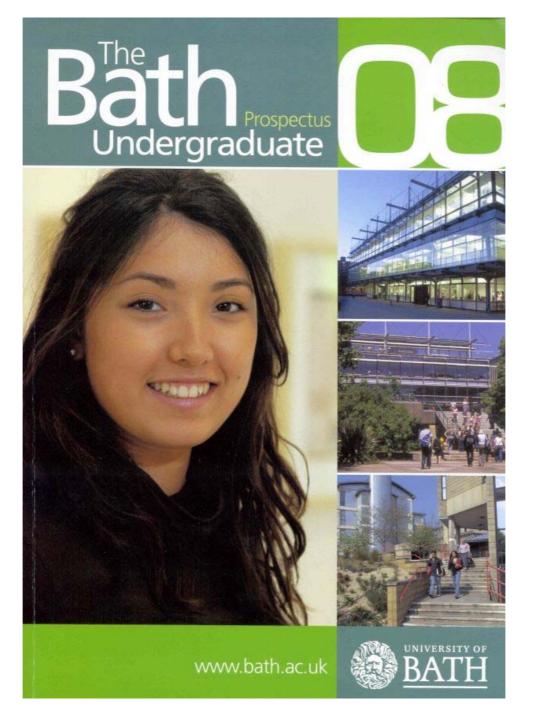






UNIVERSITY OF BATH Undergraduate Prospectus 2004





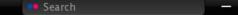
The Web Equivalent

What is the Web equivalent of the history of the printed prospectus?

Perhaps the history of the University's home page











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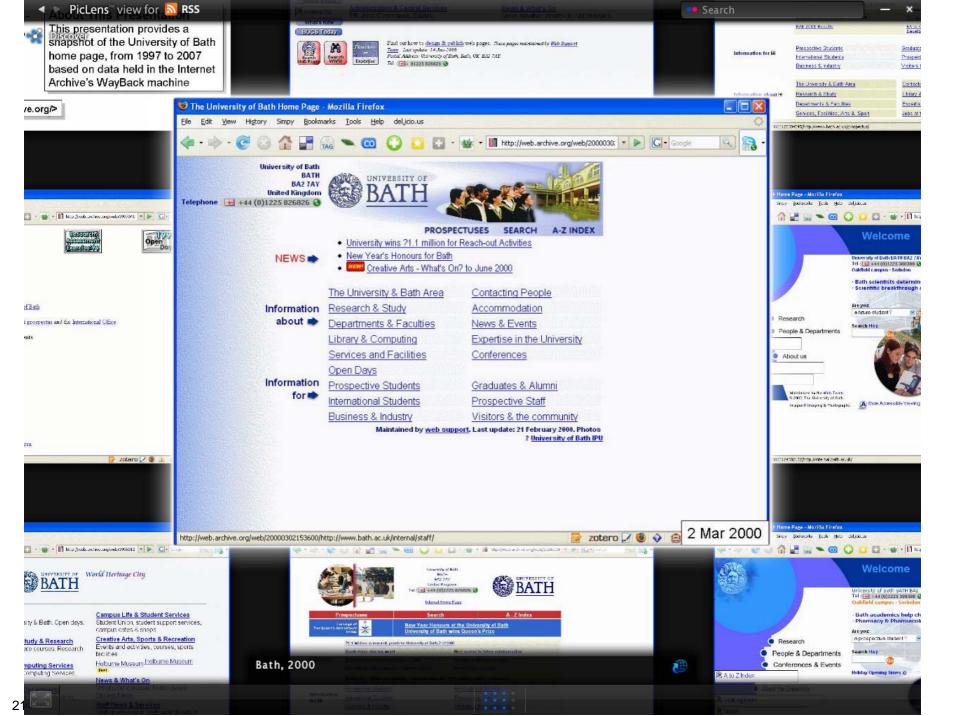












What We Did

We:

- Captured screen images from the Internet Archive of the home page since 1997
- Used FireFox Piclens extension to produce an interactive gallery of the images
- Created a video with commentary providing reflections on the changes to the home page
- See <http://www.ukoln.ac.uk/webfocus/experiments/experiment-20080612/>

Why?

- To draw parallels with the real world example
- As a scenario for first workshop (it's the University's anniversary)
- To illustrate one approach use of a third party service (Internet Archive)
- To illustrate preservation of the user experience (as opposed to the underlying data)



Feedback From First Workshop

"The challenges are significant, especially in terms of how to preserve Web resources. No doubt the institutional repository will play a role. Arguably, the absence of a solution to the preservation of Web resources leads to either retention or deletion, both of which carry risks. The workshop's core message to practitioners was therefore to start building an internal network amongst relevant practitioners as advice and guidance emerge.

My thinking about this matter was certainly stimulated and I look forward to the next two workshops, and the handbook that will result. Web preservation is an issue which was always important but now grows increasingly urgent."



Preservation of Web Resources: Making a Start, Stephen Emmott, Ariadne (56) Jul 2008

Preservation And Web 2.0

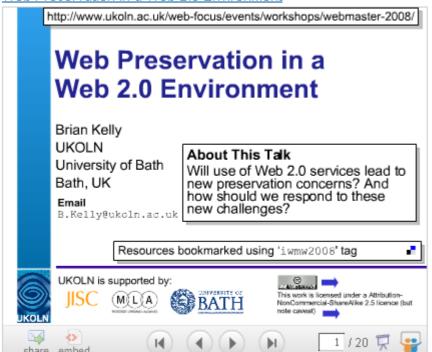
JISC PoWR Workshop 2: Preservation and Web 2.0

Posted by Brian Kelly on 31st July 2008

The second JISC PowR workshop was held on 23rd July 2008 as part of UKOLN's annual institutional Web management workshop, IWMW 2008.

This workshop provided an opportunity to review the outcomes of the first workshop, in which members of the JISC PowR team and the 30+ participants identified some of the challenges to be faced in preserving content held on institutional Web services and explored some of the ways in which these challenges can be addressed. The slides for this review are available on Slideshare and are embedded below.

Web Preservation in a Web 2.0 Environment



The JISC PoWR project explicitly sought to engage with the preservation implications of Web 2.0

The project has used blogs and wikis to support its work

Is Web 2.0 Different?

Implications of Web 2.0 for Web site preservation:

- Use of 3rd party services ('network as platform')
- Content ⇒ collaboration and communication
- Richer diversity of services (not just a file on a filestore/CMS/database)
- More complex IPR issues

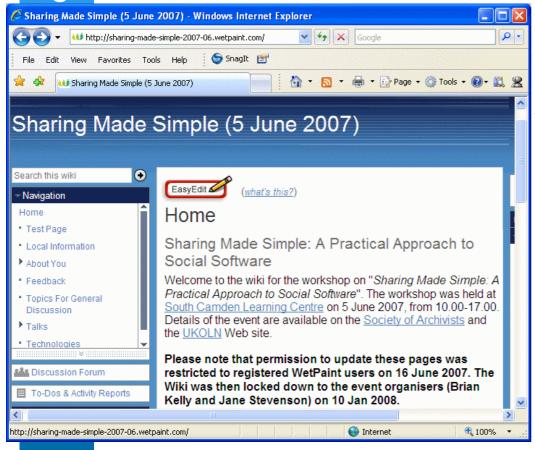
Let's look at:

- Case study 1 Wikis
- Case study 2 Blogs
- Case study 3 Reusing data
- Case study 4 Disposable data
- Case study 5 Slideshare



eb 2.0

Case Study 1: A Public Wiki



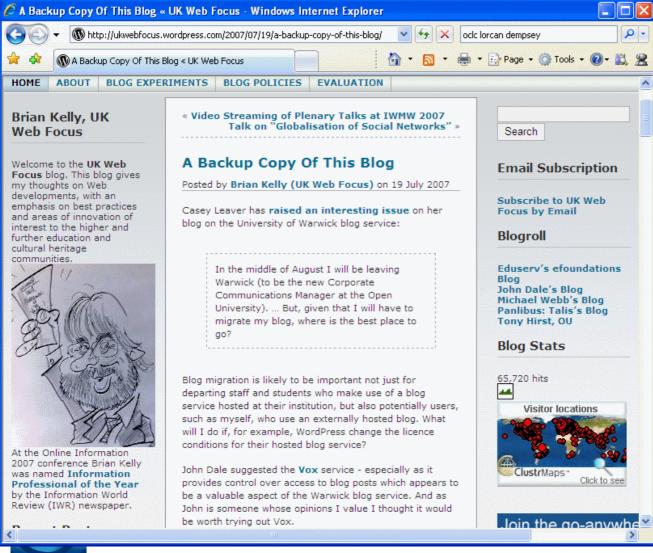
WetPaint wiki used to support various workshops Approaches taken:

- Open access to all prior to & during event (to minimise barriers to creating content)
- Access restricted to WetPaint users after event
- Access later restricted to event organisers

Many aspects of Web site curation are to do with implementing such best practices, rather than implementing technical solutions

See JISC PoWR blog post →

Case Study 2a: Blog Migration



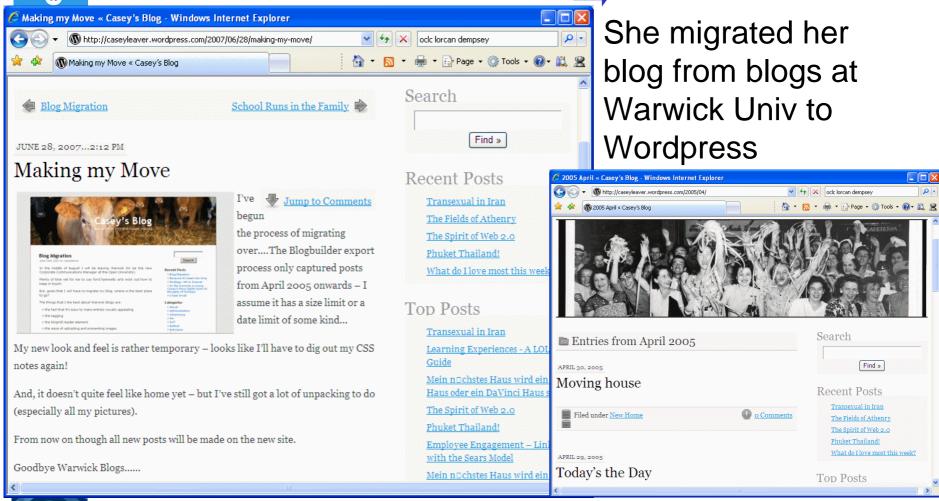
How might you migrate the contents of a blog (e.g. you're leaving college)?

This question was raised by Casey Leaver, shortly before leaving Warwick University



eb 2.0

Case Study 2a: Blog Migration





Note, though, that not all data was transferred (e.g. title, but not contents) so there's a need to check transfer mechanisms

Case Study 2b: The Individual's Blog (1)



Auricle blog:

- Launched Jan
 2004 by head of elearning team, Bath
- High profile & public visibility by early adopter & evangelist

Today:

- It's gone
- Lost after evangelist left, new staff arrive, new priorities, ...

Interactive Engagement in Physics Teaching Using Physlets

Educational research has made us more aware of learning style differences and the importance of passing some of the control of learning to the student. The development and application of Physics Applets provides us with a fine example of

ARCHIVES	
Sept	ember 200 2006

April 2006

Case Study 2b: The Individual's Blog (2)



« Psst ... want to 'see' a good podcast?

(Return to home page)

Auricle lives!

Over on the JISC-PoWR (Preservation of Web Resources) site there's a posting entitled Auricle: The Case Of The Disappearing E-learning Blog (1 September 2008). Yes, that's right this blog is the 'disappeared'. While it's a new experience becoming such a case study the author, Brian Kelly certainly raises some interesting issues. Although I've already contributed a comment on the PoWR site in today's post to Auricle I'm taking the opportunity to expand on the points I made there.

In his posting Brian describes how ghostly traces of *Auricle* continue to exist as a combination of past citations and dead hyperlinks to a now defunct University of Bath web site. Ironically, one such dead hyperlink in Brian's article was an extract from an old *Auricle* posting titled The Weblog as the Model for a New Type of Virtual Learning Environment? (*Auricle*, 25 Feburary 2004). Readers of today's posting will find the hyperlink on this site is live. In my 2004 posting I posited that blogs could "form the basis of a distributed, not centralised, information and learning object system". It's always an interesting exercise to revisit what I've opined and cited in the past and then reflect on whether and how experiences since have impacted on what I opin and cite now.

Auricle reborn:

- Further Google revealed the blog has been reborn
- New domain (www.auricle.org/)
- New engine (Wordpress) & look and feel (but old engine still available)
- New content being added
- Old content still accessible

Preservation is helped by:

- Continued access
- Motivated & skilled owners

Case Study 3: Reusing Data



Blog post in Facebook. Possible concerns:

- It's not sustainable
- You've given ownership to Facebook

Response:

- The post is managed in WordPress; Fb displays copy (to new audience)
- Fb don't claim ownership – they claim rights to make money

It's not the service, it's how you use the service

Case Study 4: Disposable Data



Twitter – example of a micro-blogging application

Facebook status messages is another related example

Issues:

- Will Twitter be sustainable over a long period?
- What will happen to the data?
- What about the IPR for 'tweets'?
- What about institutional uses?

eb 2.0

Case Study 4: Disposable Data

@briankelly: Repeat after me: not everything needs to be preserved :-)

about 13 hours ago from im in reply to briankelly extstyle ext



PeteJ

Previous

With Others

Coo. Vibert @ Trinity with SL linkup http://www.xtreamlab.net/dr... 04:08 PM February 09, 2008 from im \(\hat{\scale}\)

Delighted at the progress of the Keegan era 03:57 PM February 09, 2008 from im

Lovely lunch in St Nick's market 03:18 PM February 09, 2008 from im 🕸



Many twitterers regard their tweets as disposal

I tend to use Twitter as a 'virtual water cooler' – sharing gossip, jokes and occasional work-related information with (mainly) people I know

You could make use of clients which manage your tweets (e.g. treat like email)
But you should develop your

policies first, prior to exploring technologies

2.0

Case Study 4: Disposable Data



Skype (or your preferred VoIP application) are growing in popularity

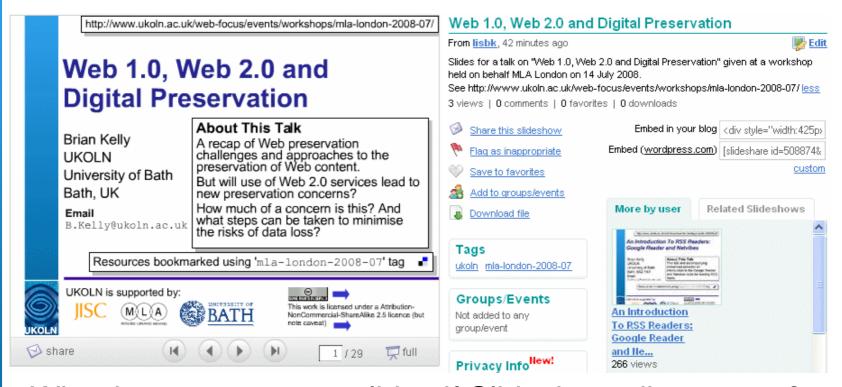
Issues:

- Is the digital data (the call) preserved?
- What about the video and the IM chats?

Possible Responses:

- Am I bovvered?
- I didn't bother with analogue phones, why should I worry now?

Case Study 5: Slideshare



What happens to your slides if Slideshare disappears? Recommended approach:

- Master copy held on managed environment
- Info on master on title slide and metadata
- CC licence & download available many copies



Web Preservation Challenges

What do we wish to preserve:

- The underlying resource
- The user experience
- Ease of access to the resource

Examples of each addressed in project:

- Migration of blog posts (and comments?)
- Capturing images of home pages using Internet Archive
- Including address of master resource on Slideshare



The Handbook

1950 PoWR Handbook DRAFT Servember 1999 Table of Contents PART A: Institutional Policy 2 What are the drivers for web-archiving? What do we mean by prepareution? Web Preservation Scenarios Responsibility for preservation of web resources. PERT IN WAS 7 What's on your web? What are the route risks and is ones peculiar to websites? Veh Content Management Systems (CMS) . PART C: Letion 11 What policies exist? 13 What are your web archiving regulrements? 14 What appropriates and techniques can you use? 18 Getting other people to do it for you ... Information Lifecycle Management: Creation 17 Improaches to Preservation 18 Who wants to been what, why, and for how long? 19 How do we appraise the value of a web resource? 20 Legal Matters 22 CASE STUDIES AND USE CASES

JISC PoWR Wandbook DRAFT September 1998

1 Introduction

Aims and objectives

This Handbook is one of the outputs from the JBC-funded PaWk (Preservation Of Web Rasconces) project. One of the goals of PoWk is to make current trends in digital powerwists meaningful end relevant to information professionals with the day in-day insignatability for leading their web resources. Anyone coming for the line time to the field of digital preservation can find a new time are not recommended, and concepts. Some of those was down from time-horseited approaches to managing things like government records or materiational architects, while of their share both developed endourcely at the digital densitie.

PoWR workshops

The Project has three workshops, it is of the 27 Janu (London), 28 July (Abendusus) and 12 September (Monthusus). The workshops were a statistic of presentiative and broke the graphy, whose a quest deal of usuful distribution to the project of th

The PaWR blog

We had: the [BC PoWk Mag (http://impaste.immonite.org/) at the very start of the project in April 2006. Econol loy chapters of the Bardbook expirated on this blog, many of them searing life as a series of what-if accession or acreal case articles, focusing on waters challenging aspects of who to contact and the actual use bade of systems in at REE centers. The resulting discussions and contacting gave its a great deal of centers to decision and assembles.

The Handbook

The Handbook is a distillation and synthesis of the assected pothered wa workshops and bloggist also draws beauty on the expension of the PoWes on in the season of website management, record management, begut sense, deput preservation, cir. The handbook sizes to provide segments for best practice and device street of UK higher and further educational institutions, to make the pionerwisest of websites and web-based becauses.

We want the Handbook to be accessible and penetral. The content has been conceived as a numeric, starting with hour, familiar faces and instant, and morting towards more complex issues. The Handbook is divided into four internoctions, one dealing with hantbook applicy issues, the second with Web instances, the third suggesting factors and approaches, and the fourth outlining a range of legal issues.

There is a separate Appendix for Records messagement, as it covers things that may span several issues. We have also added some detailed explanations of sizes and practical shartesters of a point, by using countricious and use cases. The struction is that the Appendices constitute background material, which may not increasedly be read for designate.

The Handbook is simed at an audience of information managers, osset managers, welconstens, If specialists, spaces administrators, seconds managers, and archivists.

This early draft is being exposed at the 12 September Workshop, as part of the origining process of pesttoriest and quality assistance.

Institutional web use

Sometime in the mod-1990s, maintained overlywhole will have not up a with server in that interior domain, form it was probably a low page of polithering ceitard details and an initializational observation, he seem course, departments and individuals may have been able to make their own means auth-distriction in the main domain. Since their, overlying a shoul the with his grown phasinsmally Repositations of both doings and

3

Handbook:

- Currently being finalised
- Creative Commons licence

Your feedback will be appreciated

2























Rethinking Web Preservation

Chris Rusbridge:

I would argue that outcome-related phrases like "long term accessibility" or "usability over time" are better than the process-oriented phrase "digital preservation"

How does this relate to JISC PoWR work?

Consider institutional:

- Lack of interest in "digital preservation"
- Importance of use of services
- Importance of reuse of services

This needs to complement:

 National approaches to Web preservation and Web harvesting





Head of Web Services
Alison Wildish



What have we learned?

•Better informed about differences between printed and web records and their implications •Recognition that web preservation should be addressed to avoid gap in University history

- This is worth doing
- There's a lot to think about
- We'll need to work together to succeed
- •We need a strategy because:
 - its important at an institutional level
 - consistency of approach will be crucial
 - the line between publication and record is blurred

Conclusions

JISC PoWR project has:

- Helped to begin process of raising awareness on Web preservation within institutions
- Facilitated engagement with key stakeholders in a small number of institutions
- Produced examples of pragmatic approaches to preservation of Web resources
- Received feedback on the approaches
- Produced draft handbook to share these approaches more widely



The challenges of Web site preservation are only just beginning